

UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM N-Q

QUARTERLY SCHEDULE OF PORTFOLIO HOLDINGS OF REGISTERED
MANAGEMENT INVESTMENT COMPANY

Investment Company Act file number 811-22432

Oxford Lane Capital Corp.

(Exact name of registrant as specified in charter)

8 Sound Shore Drive, Suite 255
Greenwich, CT

06830

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip code)

Jonathan H. Cohen
Chief Executive Officer
Oxford Lane Capital Corp.
8 Sound Shore Drive, Suite 255
Greenwich, CT 06830

(Name and address of agent for service)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code: (203) 983-5275

Date of fiscal year end: March 31

Date of reporting period: June 30, 2012

Item 1. Schedule of Investments

OXFORD LANE CAPITAL CORP.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012
(unaudited)

COMPANY ⁽¹⁾	INDUSTRY	INVESTMENT	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	COST	FAIR VALUE ⁽²⁾	% of Net Assets
Collateralized Loan Obligation - Debt Investments						
ACA CLO 2007-1A, Limited	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (5.22%, due June 15, 2022)	\$ 5,090,786	\$ 3,628,181	\$ 3,306,465	
Bridgeport CLO II	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (4.72%, due June 18, 2021)	3,391,502	2,444,382	2,222,112	
Canaras Summit CLO 2007-1A	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (4.82%, due June 19, 2021)	750,000	518,595	511,500	
Cent CDO 15	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (4.62%, due March 11, 2021)	1,625,000	1,247,172	1,157,325	
CIFC Funding 2006-1X	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class B2L(3)(4)(5) (4.47%, due October 20, 2020)	5,730,501	4,149,320	3,795,884	
Colts 2007-1X	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (4.12%, due March 20, 2021)	3,000,000	1,943,199	1,950,000	
Emporia III, Ltd. 2007-3A	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (4.17%, due April 23, 2021)	3,594,000	2,791,459	2,316,692	
GSC VIII	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (3.87%, due April 18, 2021)	2,112,137	1,370,752	1,203,918	
Hewett's Island CLO III	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (6.22%, due August 09, 2017)	3,499,927	2,824,180	2,891,290	
Hewett's Island CLO IV	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (5.02%, due May 09, 2018)	1,500,000	1,321,357	1,127,100	
Kingsland V, Ltd. 2007-5X	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class E(3)(4)(5) (4.72%, due July 14, 2021)	4,000,000	2,852,382	2,459,600	
Mountain Capital CLO IV, Ltd 2005-4X	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class B2L(3)(4)(5) (5.22%, due March 15, 2018)	4,230,373	3,111,063	3,203,661	
PPM Grayhawk CLO 2007	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (4.07%, due April 18, 2021)	1,869,138	1,404,734	1,161,482	
Sargas CLO I Ltd	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (4.47%, due August 27, 2020)	4,500,000	3,232,050	2,984,850	
Waterfront CLO 2007	structured finance	CLO secured notes - Class D(3)(4)(5) (5.22%, due August 02, 2020)	7,500,000	5,649,976	5,450,250	
Total Collateralized Loan Obligation - Debt Investments			\$ 38,488,802	\$ 35,742,129	\$ 35,742,129	48.93%

(Continued on next page)

OXFORD LANE CAPITAL CORP.
SCHEDULE OF INVESTMENTS - (continued)
JUNE 30, 2012
(unaudited)

COMPANY ⁽¹⁾	INDUSTRY	INVESTMENT	PRINCIPAL AMOUNT	COST	FAIR VALUE ⁽²⁾	% of Net Assets
Collateralized Loan Obligation - Equity Investments						
ACA CLO 2007-1A	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 15.50%, maturity June 15, 2022)	12,212,500	9,832,754	10,258,500	
Canaras Summit CLO 2007-1X	structured finance	CLO income notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 22.95%, maturity June 19, 2021)	1,500,000	989,442	1,350,000	
Carlyle Global Market Strategies CLO 2011-1X	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 15.30%, maturity August 10, 2021)	6,000,000	5,467,589	5,340,000	
Gale Force 4 CLO 2007-4A	structured finance	CLO income notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 16.30%, maturity August 20, 2021)	1,500,000	882,616	1,125,000	
Harbourview CLO 2006-1	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 22.30%, maturity December 27, 2019)	4,380,000	2,591,461	3,635,400	
Hillmark Funding Ltd. 2006-1A	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 18.90%, maturity May 21, 2021)	2,000,000	1,338,605	1,680,000	
Jersey Street CLO 2007-1A	structured finance	CLO income notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 20.00%, maturity October 20, 2018)	3,185,000	2,128,188	2,388,750	
Kingsland IV, Ltd. 2007-4A	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 16.70%, maturity April 16, 2021)	2,350,000	1,800,630	2,303,000	
Lightpoint CLO VII, Ltd. 2007-7X	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 22.38%, maturity May 15, 2021)	2,000,000	1,194,830	1,650,000	
Octagon XI CLO 2007-1A	structured finance	CLO income notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 19.76%, maturity August 25, 2021)	2,025,000	1,511,691	1,873,125	
Rampart CLO 2007-1A	structured finance	CLO subordinated notes(4)(6) (Estimated yield 15.30%, maturity October 25, 2021)	1,500,000	1,098,778	1,260,000	
Total Collateralized Loan Obligation - Equity Investments				<u>\$ 28,836,584</u>	<u>\$ 32,863,775</u>	<u>44.99%</u>
TOTAL INVESTMENTS				<u>\$ 67,325,386</u>	<u>\$ 68,605,904</u>	<u>93.92%</u>
OTHER ASSETS IN EXCESS OF LIABILITIES						4,437,892
NET ASSETS (Equivalent to \$14.60 per share based on 5,002,289 shares of common stock outstanding)						<u>\$ 73,043,796</u>

- (1) We do not "control" and are not an "affiliate" of any of our portfolio companies, each as defined in the Investment Company Act of 1940 (the "1940 Act"). In general, under the 1940 Act, we would be presumed to "control" a portfolio company if we owned 25% or more of its voting securities and would be an "affiliate" of a portfolio company if we owned 5% or more of its voting securities.
- (2) Fair value is determined in good faith by the Board of Directors of the Company.
- (3) Notes bear interest at variable rates.
- (4) Cost value reflects accretion of original issue discount or market discount, and amortization of premium.
- (5) The CLO secured notes generally bear interest at a rate determined by reference to LIBOR which resets quarterly. For each CLO debt investment, the rate provided is as of June 30, 2012.
- (6) The CLO subordinated notes and income notes are considered equity positions. Equity investments are entitled to recurring distributions which are generally equal to the remaining cash flow of the payments made by the underlying fund's securities less contractual payments to debt holders and fund expenses. The estimated yield indicated is based upon a current projection of the amount and timing of these recurring distributions and the estimated amount of repayment of principal upon termination. Such projections are periodically reviewed and adjusted, and the estimated yield may not ultimately be realized.

See Accompanying Notes

OXFORD LANE CAPITAL CORP
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012
(unaudited)

NOTE 1. INVESTMENT VALUATION

The most significant estimate inherent in the preparation of Oxford Lane Capital Corp. (“OXLC”, “we” or the “Fund”) financial statements is the valuation of investments and the related amounts of unrealized appreciation and depreciation of investments recorded. There is no single method for determining fair value in good faith. As a result, determining fair value requires that judgment be applied to the specific facts and circumstances of each portfolio investment while employing a consistently applied valuation process for the types of investments OXLC makes. The Fund is required to specifically fair value each individual investment on a quarterly basis.

In May 2011, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (“FASB”) issued Accounting Standards Update No. 2011-04, “*Fair Value Measurements and Disclosures (TOPIC 820) – Amendments to Achieve Common Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure Requirements in U.S. GAAP and IFRS*” (“ASU 2011-04”). The amendments are of two types: (i) those that clarify the FASB’s intent about the application of existing fair value measurement and disclosure requirements and (ii) those that change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or for disclosing information about fair value measurements. The amendments that change a particular principle or requirement for measuring fair value or disclosing information about fair value measurements relate to (i) measuring the fair value of the financial instruments that are managed within a portfolio; (ii) application of premium and discount in a fair value measurement; and (iii) additional disclosures about fair value measurements. The update is effective for annual periods beginning after December 15, 2011 and as such OXLC has adopted this ASU beginning with the quarter ended June 30, 2012. OXLC has increased its disclosures related to Level 3 fair value measurement, in addition to other required disclosures. There were no related impacts on OXLC’s financial position or results of operations.

The Fund complies with ASC 820-10, *Fair Value Measurements and Disclosure*, which establishes a three-level valuation hierarchy for disclosure of fair value measurements. ASC 820-10 clarified the definition of fair value and requires companies to expand their disclosure about the use of fair value to measure assets and liabilities in interim and annual periods subsequent to initial recognition. ASC 820-10 defines fair value as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. ASC 820-10 also establishes a three-tier fair value hierarchy, which prioritizes the inputs used in measuring fair value. These tiers include: Level 1, defined as observable inputs such as quoted prices in active markets; Level 2, which includes inputs such as quoted prices for similar securities in active markets and quoted prices for identical securities in markets that are not active; and Level 3, defined as unobservable inputs for which little or no market data exists, therefore requiring an entity to develop its own assumptions. The Fund has determined that due to the general illiquidity of the market for the Fund’s investment portfolio, whereby little or no market data exists, all of the Fund’s investments are valued based upon “Level 3” inputs as of June 30, 2012. The Fund’s Board of Directors determines the value of OXLC’s investment portfolio each quarter. The prices used by the Fund to value securities may differ from the value that would be realized if the securities were sold, and these differences could be material to the Fund’s financial statements.

OXLC has acquired a number of debt and equity positions in collateralized loan obligation (“CLO”) investment vehicles. These investments are special purpose financing vehicles. In valuing such investments, OXLC considers the operating metrics of the specific investment vehicle, including compliance with collateralization tests, defaulted and restructured securities, and payment defaults, if any. In addition, OXLC considers the indicative prices provided by a recognized industry pricing service as well as the indicative prices provided by the broker who arranges transactions in such investment vehicles, as well as any available information on other relevant transactions including firm bids and offers in the market. OXLC Management or the Valuation Committee may request an additional analysis by a third-party firm to assist in the valuation process of CLO investment vehicles. All information is presented to OXLC’s Board of Directors for its determination of fair value of these investments.

The Fund may also invest directly in senior secured loans (either in the primary or secondary markets). In valuing such investments, OXLC Management will prepare an analysis of each loan, including a financial summary, covenant compliance review, recent trading activity in the security, if known, and other business developments related to the portfolio company. All available information, including non-binding indicative bids obtained from large agent banks which may not be considered reliable, will be presented to the Valuation Committee of the Board

OXFORD LANE CAPITAL CORP
NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
JUNE 30, 2012
(unaudited)

NOTE 1. INVESTMENT VALUATION— (continued)

to consider in its determination of fair value. In some instances, there may be limited trading activity in a security even though the market for the security is considered not active. In such cases the Board will consider the number of trades, the size and timing of each trade and other circumstances around such trades, to the extent such information is available, in its determination of fair value. At June 30, 2012, the Fund did not have any direct investments in senior secured loans.

ASC 820-10-35, “Determining Fair Value When the Volume and Level of Activity for the Asset or Liability Have Significantly Decreased and Identifying Transactions That Are Not Orderly,” provides guidance on factors that should be considered in determining when a previously active market becomes inactive and whether a transaction is orderly. In accordance with ASC 820-10-35, the Fund’s valuation procedures specifically provide for the review of indicative quotes supplied by the brokers or large agent banks that make a market for each CLO investment or senior secured loan, respectively.

The Fund’s assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis subject to the disclosure requirements of ASC 820-10-35 at June 30, 2012, were as follows:

(\$ in millions)

Assets	Fair Value Measurements at Reporting Date Using			Total
	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
CLO debt	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 35.7	\$ 35.7
CLO equity	-	-	32.9	32.9
Total	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 68.6	\$ 68.6

The Fund’s policy is to recognize transfers in and transfers out of valuation levels as of the beginning of the reporting period. There were no significant transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the period ended June 30, 2012.

Significant Unobservable Inputs for Level 3 Investments

In accordance with ASU 2011-04, the following table provides quantitative information about the Company’s Level 3 fair value measurements as of June 30, 2012. The Company’s valuation policy, as described above, establishes parameters for the sources and types of valuation analysis, as well as the methodologies and inputs that the Company uses in determining fair value. If the Valuation Committee or OXLC Management determines that additional techniques, sources or inputs are appropriate or necessary in a given situation, such additional work will be undertaken. The table, therefore, is not all-inclusive, but provides information on the significant Level 3 inputs that are pertinent to the Company’s fair value measurements. The weighted average calculations in the table below are based on principal balances for all investments.

(\$ in millions)

Assets	Quantitative Information about Level 3 Fair Value Measurements			
	Fair Value as of June 30, 2012	Valuation Techniques/ Methodologies	Unobservable Input	Range/Weighted Average
CLO debt	\$ 35.7	market quotes	NBIB ⁽¹⁾	57.00%-82.61%/68.22%
CLO equity	32.9	market quotes	NBIB ⁽¹⁾	75.00%-98.00%/85.02%
Total Fair Value for Level 3 Investments	\$ 68.6			

(1) The Company generally uses prices provided by an independent pricing service, or broker or agent bank non-binding indicative bid prices (NBIB) on or near the valuation date as the primary basis for the fair value determinations for CLO debt and equity investments. These bid prices are non-binding, and may not be determinative of fair value. Each bid price is evaluated by the Valuation Committee in conjunction with additional information compiled by OXLC Management, including performance and covenant compliance information as provided by the independent trustee.

Significant increases or decreases in the any of the unobservable inputs in isolation may result in a significantly lower or higher fair value measurement.

NOTE 2. FEDERAL INCOME TAXES

The Fund intends to operate so as to qualify to be taxed as a RIC under Subchapter M of the Internal Revenue Code and, as such, to not be subject to federal income tax on the portion of its taxable income and gains distributed to stockholders. To qualify for RIC tax treatment, OXLC is required to distribute at least 90% of its investment company taxable income, as defined by the Code.

Because federal income tax regulations differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, distributions in accordance with tax regulations may differ from net investment income and realized gains recognized for financial reporting purposes. Differences may be permanent or temporary. Permanent differences are reclassified among capital accounts in the financial statement to reflect their tax character. Temporary differences arise when certain items of income, expense, gain or loss are recognized at some time in the future. Differences in classification may also result from the treatment of short-term gains as ordinary income for tax purposes.

As of June 30, 2012, the federal tax cost and net unrealized depreciation on securities were as follows:

Cost for federal income tax purposes	\$ 68,773,903
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Gross unrealized appreciation	\$ 3,081,027
Gross unrealized depreciation	(3,249,026)
Net unrealized depreciation	<u>\$ (167,999)</u>

Item 2. Controls and Procedures

- (a) Based on an evaluation of the Disclosure Controls and Procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940, the “Disclosure Controls”) as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date (the “Filing Date”) of this Form N-Q (the “Report”), the Chief Executive Officer (its principal executive officer) and Chief Financial Officer (its principal financial officer) have concluded that the Disclosure Controls are reasonably designed to ensure that information required to be disclosed by the Registrant in the Report is recorded, processed, summarized and reported by the Filing Date, including ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the Report is accumulated and communicated to the Registrant's management, including the Registrant's principal executive officer and principal financial officer, as appropriate to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.
- (b) There were no changes in the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30a-3(d) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) that occurred during the Registrant’s last fiscal quarter that have materially affected or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Registrant’s internal control over financial reporting.

Item 3. Exhibits.

Certifications of principal executive officer and principal financial officer as required by Rule 30a-2(a) under the Investment Company Act of 1940.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

OXFORD LANE CAPITAL CORP.

By: /s/ Jonathan H. Cohen
Name: Jonathan H. Cohen
Title: Chief Executive Officer

Date: August 3, 2012

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and the Investment Company Act of 1940, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities and on the dates indicated.

By: /s/ Jonathan H. Cohen
Name: Jonathan H. Cohen
Title: Chief Executive Officer
(Principal Executive Officer)

Date: August 3, 2012

By: /s/ Patrick F. Conroy
Name: Patrick F. Conroy
Title: Chief Financial Officer, Chief Compliance
Officer and Corporate Secretary (Principal Financial Officer)

Date: August 3, 2012

EXHIBIT 3(a)
RULE 30a-2(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Jonathan H. Cohen, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form N-Q of Oxford Lane Capital Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the schedules of investments included in this report fairly present in all material respects the investments of the registrant as of the end of the fiscal quarter for which the report is filed;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30-a-3(d) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 3, 2012

/s/ Jonathan H. Cohen

Jonathan H. Cohen
Chief Executive Officer

EXHIBIT 3(a)
RULE 30a-2(a) CERTIFICATION

I, Patrick F. Conroy, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this report on Form N-Q of Oxford Lane Capital Corp.;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the schedules of investments included in this report fairly present in all material respects the investments of the registrant as of the end of the fiscal quarter for which the report is filed;
4. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Rule 30a-3(c) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Rule 30-a-3(d) under the Investment Company Act of 1940) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - (c) evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of a date within 90 days prior to the filing date of this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officer(s) and I have disclosed to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) all significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial information; and
 - (b) any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: August 3, 2012

/s/ Patrick F. Conroy

Patrick F. Conroy
Chief Financial Officer
